WELCOME!

July 31, 2023



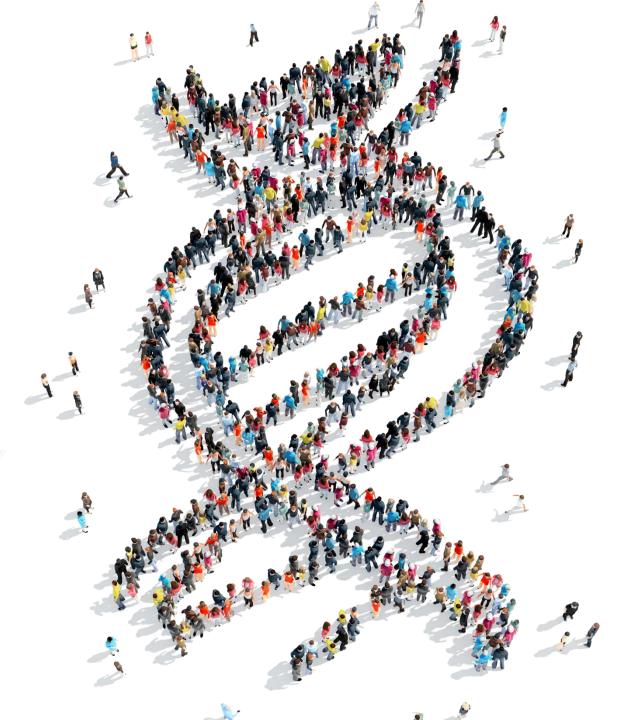
Genetic Counseling in ALS: When and Why

ALS Association National Office-Care Services Ph: 800-782-4747 Cynthia.Knoche@als.org Guest Speaker: Donna L. Bernstein, MS, CGC Ionis Pharmaceuticals



ALS Genetic Counseling and Genetic Testing

Donna L. Bernstein, MS, CGC July, 31st 2023



Genetic Counseling and Genetic Testing- What's it all about?

What is Genetic Counseling?Who are Genetic Counselors?What do Genetic Counselors Do?

ALS Genetic Testing- What Can I Learn? Why Would I Want to Know? Sponsored Genetic Testing Programs

Who should Have Genetic Counseling? When Should Genetic Counseling be Done? Considerations Prior to Genetic Counseling



What is a Genetic Counselor?







- Certified Genetic counselors have a graduate degree in human genetics from an accredited program, are required to pass a board certification exam, and in many states are licensed to practice clinical genetic counseling
- Genetic counselors often work in a hospital or medical office or may work at a molecular genetic testing lab or for a biopharma company and many genetic counselors now offer genetic counseling via telemedicine
- Genetic Counselors are often specialized, for example in prenatal, cancer, pediatrics, cardiovascular and neurological genetic conditions



A Few Genetic Counselor Publications

ORIGINAL CONTRIBUTION

When Sporadic Disease Is Not Sporadic

The Potential for Genetic Etiology

Jill S. Goldman, MS, MPhil, CGC; Bruce L. Miller, MD; Jiri Safar, MD; Sunita de Tourreil, MSc; Jennifer L. Martindale, BS, BA; Stanley B. Prusiner, MD; Michael D. Geschwind, MD, PhD Arch Neurol. 2004;61:213-216

Clin Lab Med. 2020 Sep;40(3):271-287.

Genetic Testing for Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis and Frontotemporal Dementia: Impact on Clinical Management

Jennifer Roggenbuck, мs, сgc^a,*, Jamie C. Fong, мs, сgc^b



Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis and Frontotemporal Degeneration

ISSN: (Print) (Online) Journal homepage: <u>https://www.tandfonline.com/loi/iafd20</u>

Clinical testing panels for ALS: global distribution, consistency, and challenges

Allison A. Dilliott, Ahmad Al Nasser, Marwa Elnagheeb, Jennifer Fifita, Lyndal Henden, Ingrid M. Keseler, Steven Lenz, Heather Marriott, Emily Mccann, Maysen Mesaros, Sarah Opie-Martin, Emma Owens, Brooke Palus, Justyne Ross, Zhanjun Wang, Hannah White, Ammar Al-Chalabi, Peter M. Andersen, Michael Benatar, Ian Blair, Johnathan Cooper-Knock, Elizabeth A. Harrington, Jeannine Heckmann, John Landers, Cristiane Moreno, Melissa Nel, Evadnie Rampersaud, Jennifer Roggenbuck, Guy Rouleau, Bryan Traynor, Marka Van Blitterswijk, Wouter Van Rheenen, Jan Veldink, Jochen Weishaupt, Luke Drury, Matthew B. Harms, Sali M. K. Farhan & On behalf of the Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis spectrum disorders Gene Curation Expert Panel

Transitioning to telegenetics in the COVID-19 era: Patient satisfaction with remote genetic counseling in adult neurology

Laynie Dratch | Rachel A. Paul | Aaron Baldwin | Morgan Brzozowski | Pedro Gonzalez-Alegre | Thomas F. Tropea | Anna Raper | Tanya Bardakjian J Genet Couns. 2021;30:974–9



Taylor & Francis

Do Genetic Counselors Practice Gene Therapy?





Common to all Genetic Counselors-Bridge between Molecular Lab Physician and Patient

Training- ABGC accredited Human Genetics Graduate Program

Pre-med, A&P, Developmental genetics, molecular and biochemical genetics, Clinical + Molecular

- ABGC Certification
- Code of Ethics
- Rogerian therapeutic techniques
- Nondirective (unless intervention is available)
- Determine appropriate molecular and/or

biochemical testing

- Interpret results, variant research, literature review, or other databases
- Determine monitoring, management, treatment
- Results disclosure counseling session
- Follow up- Physician Letter, Physician Education
- Follow up- Patient letter



Who Should Have ALS Genetic Counseling? 2 Kinds of ALS Genetic Counseling- Diagnostic and Predictive

- Diagnostic For anyone affected with ALS who is interested in learning about ALS genetic testing
- Including anyone Suspected of or Diagnosed with ALS even if there is no ALS family history
- Predictive— For any adult with a family member diagnosed with ALS who would like to learn about genetic testing
- Genetic counseling is offered for people with ALS even if there is no ALS family history





What Happens in a Genetic Counseling Session?

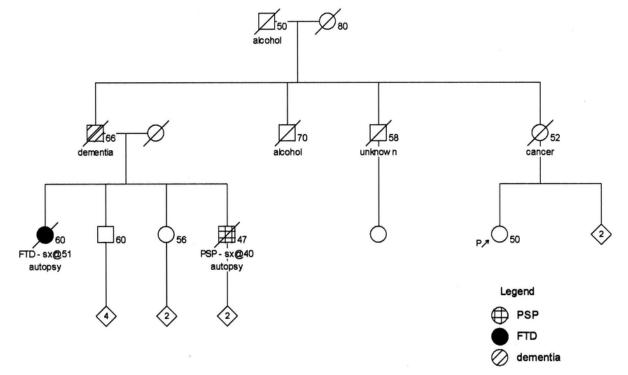
Active Listening-

- What brought you to seek genetic counseling?
- What brought you to medical attention?
- What would you like to learn about your genetics?
- What would you not want to know
- How would you like to learn about your genetic test results if you decide to have genetic testing?
- How would you feel if your genetic test is positive? Negative?
- Who would you tell and how do you imagine they would respond?



Getting to Know You Better

- Review medical records, including laboratory, imaging and pathology results
- Take a medical history
- Take a family history
- Analyze the medical and family histories for inheritance patterns and symptoms that can be part of a genetic condition to assure that the most appropriate genetic testing is ordered



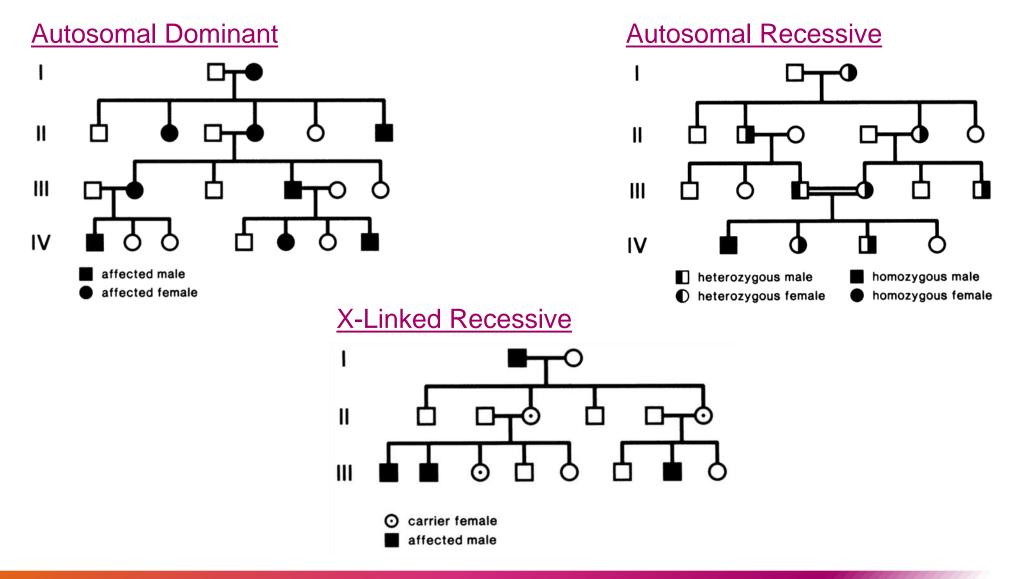
Goldman J, Frontotemporal dementia: genetics and genetic counseling dilemmas October 2004 The Neurologist 10(5):227-34

Genetic counselors explain DNA, Genes, Proteins and how they impact health



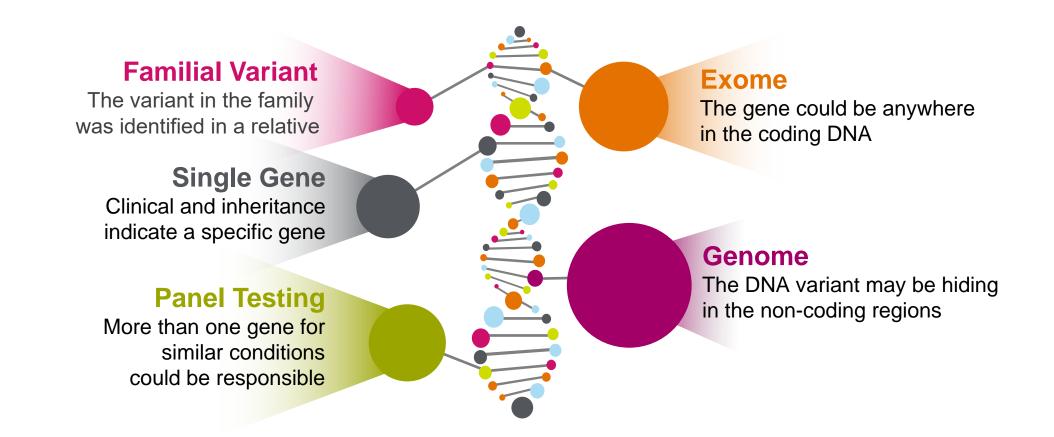


Family History Can Uncover Dominant, Recessive or X-Linked Inheritance Patterns





A Few of Many Kinds of Genetic Tests- One Test Does Not Fit All



There are at least 33 genes established to cause or increase risk for ALS

The genetic counselor will describe the testing options and the likelihood of detecting a genetic variant



If Undecided about Having Genetic Testing...

• When you have Genetic Counseling, Genetic Testing is not Required

- Genetic Counselors help to weigh the benefits, limitations and possible risks of genetic testing to help you decide if and when genetic testing is right for you based on your values, culture, relationships and life events
- Provide Anticipatory Guidance Potential for survivor's guilt if negative, guilt for passing on to children if positive, changes in family dynamics, emotional response

• We do not choose our genes and we do not choose the genes we pass down



Why have ALS Genetic Counseling and Genetic Testing?

- This is an individualized decision
- Genetic Counseling can help clarify the risks, benefits and limitations of genetic testing and help you decide if and when genetic testing is right for you
- There are different reasons for people who have ALS to be tested than for people who have a relative with ALS but no symptoms themselves
- Some people are interested in finding out if they have a genetic form of ALS in case they would be eligible for a gene targeted therapeutic or clinical trial
- Some people want genetic testing for family planning
- Some believe that knowledge is power



When is the Best Time to Have Genetic Counseling?

- Genetic counseling can be done at any time, usually both before and after genetic testing
- Genetic test results informing can be postponed
- Prior to genetic testing it is recommended to have long term care and life insurance in place
- Genetic Counseling *≠* Genetic Testing
- The best time for genetic testing is a topic to discuss with your genetic counselor, especially if you have no ALS signs or symptoms
- If you have ANY ALS signs or symptoms, WAIT is a four letter word





Be Prepared-Before Genetic Counseling...

- Send medical records, including lab tests and imaging and pathology reports in advance so the genetic counselor can review them
- If genetic testing was done in a relative, request a copy of their results for the genetic counselor
- Gather your family's medical history information, including any health conditions, age and cause of death
- If you have no ALS symptoms, it's best to secure long-term care and life insurance prior to your genetics appointment
- Consider bringing a family member or support person with you to the appointment



Pre-test Genetic Counseling

- Contracting- What will be covered in the genetic counseling session
- How and when and how much to learn about the results? Will a support person be there?
- Medical and family history can inform on inheritance patterns and the appropriate genetic test to order
- The Science: What are genes, proteins, and how do they result in ALS?
- Risks, benefits and limitations of genetic testing
- Anticipatory guidance, expected response to positive, negative or inconclusive result. With whom to communicate results and how? How will family members react? Managing expectations and uncertainty
- Who will see the results? What else may be learned from the genetic test results?



Post-test Genetic Counseling

- Communicate genetic test results interpretation to patients and physicians
- Examine implications to the patient and family members
- Psychosocial support adjusting to the diagnosis and the emotional and psychosocial impact
- Revisit complexities of genetic test results, including limitations, variable expressivity, complete vs incomplete penetrance if applicable
- Explain residual risk or recurrence risks and prenatal options
- Refer for monitoring, management and patient support resources*
- Provide patient and physician summary letters documenting all of the above

*There is a dearth of available patient support services following diagnostic or predictive genetic testing



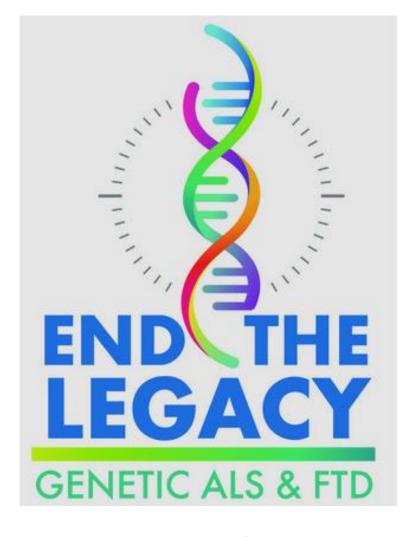
Predictive Genetic Counseling for Adult Onset Neurological Conditions-

- Predictive genetic testing is not offered to pediatric patients, which could infringe on their autonomy, privacy and the right to not know as future adults
- Modified, modified Huntington disease protocol, with the need for flexibility
- GINA, discrimination, financial, long-term care and life insurance
- Assess testing motivations, timing and psychosocial context Rogerian therapy/counseling, if needed, refer for emotional and psychotherapeutic support*
- Offer time to opt out or delay genetic testing
- DNA Banking
- Prenatal testing options, Preimplantation Genetic Diagnosis (PGD), including nondisclosure linkage options





What Should Positive Predictive ALS/FTD Genetic Testing Patients Do?



The genetic ALS & FTD community is large and growing.

ALS & FTD are terminal conditions, and being at a heightened risk for them can have profound impacts on people and families. We organized Genetic ALS & FTD: End the Legacy to provide educational and support resources to, encourage and promote research about, and advocate for the Genetic ALS & FTD community.

geneticalsftd@gmail.com

https://www.alshf.org/end-the-legacy

Jean Swindler- Chair



Presymptomatic ALS and FTD Research Studies

- Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (ALS) Families Project- Columbia University NCT03865420
- The DIALS (Dominant Inherited ALS) Network Massachusetts General Hospital NCT00317616
- ALLFTD Longitudinal Frontotemporal Lobar Degeneration: a multisite research consortium
- Biospecimen Collection to Investigate the Causes of ALS- Mayo Clinic
- The Pre-symptomatic Familial Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (Pre-fALS) Study
- ALS Research Collaborative (ARC) Study- ALS Therapy Development Institute TDI
- AMBRoSIA' project (A Multicentre Biomarker Resource Strategy in ALS) Oxford, Sheffield and Queen Mary's Hospital London
- UPenn Observational Research Repository on Neurodegenerative Disease (UNICORN) University of Pennsylvania
- Emotional Experience of Participating in Research for People at risk of ALS/FTD- Emory University
- Pathogenesis in C9ALS (PICALS) Emory University
- Clinical Manifestations and Biomarkers in Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis Type 4 and Other Inherited Neurological Disorders of RNA Processing, NINDS NCT04394871
- The Genetic Frontotemporal dementia Initiative (GENFI), University College London
- A Study of BIIB067 When Initiated in Clinically Presymptomatic Adults with a confirmed Superoxide Dismutase
 - 1 Mutation (ATLAS), BIOGEN, 29 global sites

Adapted from the End the Legacy web page



Ionis ALS Sponsored Genetic Testing and Genetic Counseling Program

The Most Common Genes C9ORF72 TARDP ATXN2 SOD1 FUS



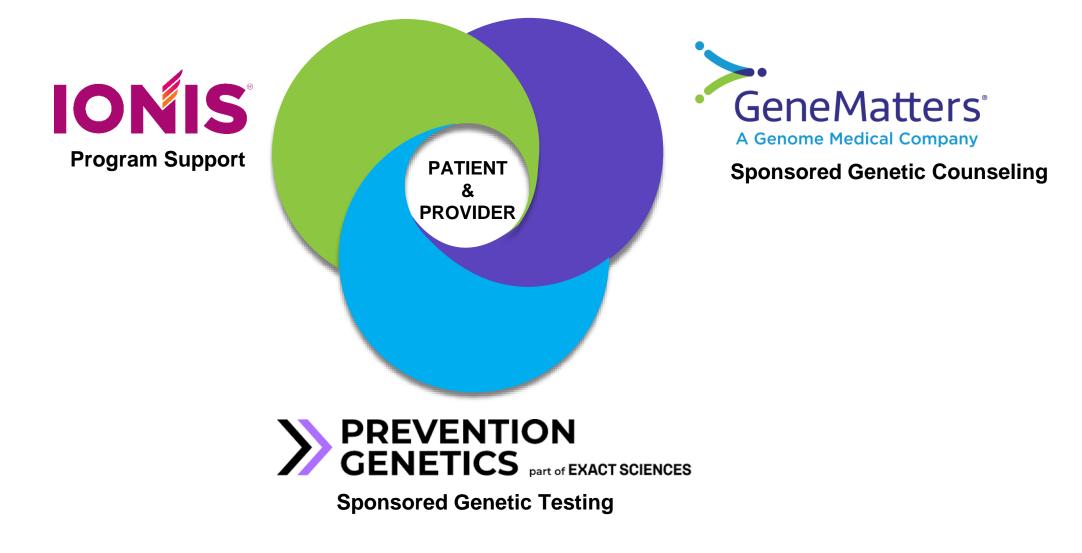
Eligibility for Ionis Sponsored Genetic Testing



- Confirmed or suspected ALS diagnosis at any age
- Family history of ALS with or without genetic confirmation for individuals age 18 and older
- Genetic Counseling is Strongly Encouraged



SPONSORED GENETIC COUNSELING





ALS Genetic Testing Sponsored by Ionis Pharmaceuticals with PreventionGenetics Clinical Laboratory

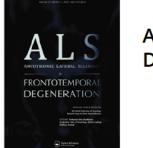
33 Gene Panel:

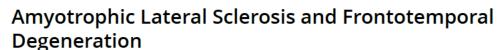
ANG, ANXA11, ARHGEF28, ATXN2, C9orf72, CFAP410, CHCHD10, CHMP2B, DAO, DCTN1, ERBB4, FIG4, FUS, HNRNPA1, HNRNPA2B1, KIF5A, MATR3, MOBP, NEFH, NEK1, OPTN, PFN1, SETX, SOD1, SQSTM1, TAF15, TARDBP, TBK1, TUBA4A, UBQLN2, UNC13A, VAPB, VCP

March 2022-July 2023

AMYOTROPHIC LATERAL SCLEROSIS GENE CURATION EXPERT PANEL

Thank you for providing evidence based guidance





ISSN: (Print) (Online) Journal homepage: https://www.tandfonline.com/loi/iafd20

Clinical testing panels for ALS: global distribution, consistency, and challenges

Allison A. Dilliott, Ahmad Al Nasser, Marwa Elnagheeb, Jennifer Fifita, Lyndal Henden, Ingrid M. Keseler, Steven Lenz, Heather Marriott, Emily Mccann, Maysen Mesaros, Sarah Opie-Martin, Emma Owens, Brooke Palus, Justyne Ross, Zhanjun Wang, Hannah White, Ammar Al-Chalabi, Peter M. Andersen, Michael Benatar, Ian Blair, Johnathan Cooper-Knock, Elizabeth A. Harrington, Jeannine Heckmann, John Landers, Cristiane Moreno, Melissa Nel, Evadnie Rampersaud, Jennifer Roggenbuck, Guy Rouleau, Bryan Traynor, Marka Van Blitterswijk, Wouter Van Rheenen, Jan Veldink, Jochen Weishaupt, Luke Drury, Matthew B. Harms, Sali M. K. Farhan & On behalf of the Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis spectrum disorders Gene Curation Expert Panel



Taylor & Francis

Sponsored Pre-test and Post Test Third Party TeleGenetic Counseling by GeneMatters can be ordered by your doctor

In the event that timely, local genetic counseling is not available, lonis Sponsored Genetic Counseling by an ABGC certified genetic counselor via telemedicine is offered through GeneMatters, a GenomeMedical company

To learn more about genetic counseling and genetic testing for ALS, and to schedule a GeneMatters telegenetic counseling appointment Please call (888) 460-1891

PREVENTION GENETICS Test information is available on our website www.PreventionGenetics.com PREVENTIONGENETICS USE ONLY GENETIC COUNSELING No-cost genetic counseling with a third party service (provided by GeneMatters), is available to patients through this sponsored testing program. One no charge pre and/or post genetic counseling appointment is available to patients who are interested in additional information, have guestions or would like advice about alternatives before and/or after having this test performed. Please note that testing for pre-symptomatic patients requesting pre-test counseling, will remain on hold pending the completion of the appointment with GeneMatters. By checking the boxes below, I agree to allow GeneMatters will contact the patient for If Power of Attorney (POA) for medical decisions/ PreventionGenetics to facilitate the provision scheduling. Please provide the patient's phone communication is needed, please provide a of pre-test and/or post-test genetic counseling number and email address. copy to GeneMatters at (612) 808-5186 (fax) or services by GeneMatters, a third party genetic clinicaladmin@gene-matters.com counseling provider. · Genetic counseling is typically provided by telephone. PATIENT PHONE NUMBER Check all that apply: If the patient needs other accommodations for Refer to GeneMatters for pre-test genetic communication please specify below: counseling. U.S. STATE WHERE PATIENT RESIDES (REQUIRED Video consult requested (via Zoom). Patients will receive a text message to schedule an Refer to GeneMatters for post-test genetic counselina. DRESS If results are negative, no refer Check all that apply: GeneMatters is needed. Refer to GeneMatters for pre-test genetic counseling. Refer to GeneMatters for post-test genetic counseling. If results are negative, no referral to GeneMatters is needed.



Data Sharing and Privacy

Working Together to Improve ALS Diagnoses and Research



Data Sharing and Privacy

- What information is received?
- Information that we do not receive No PHI
- Permission to share- Clinician Permission, Patient Permission, IRB, GDPR, ICF
- With whom do we share information internally and externally
- What are we interested in learning from the data?
- What are you interested in learning from the data?

De-identified patient data may be used and shared with third parties to support research and improve diagnosis and treatment. No identifiable information is received by Ionis or will be shared. Clinician contact information may be shared, and third parties may contact HCPs regarding products and clinical trials.



PreventionGenetics – Dr. Luke Drury Kayleigh Avello, Derek Stevens, Chavis Fulmore, Jocelyn Schroeder

GeneMatters a Genome Medical Company- Michelle Hearn and all of the Genetic Counselors who see ALS patients

Ionis Pharmaceuticals- Becky Crean, Chris Yun and the Clinical Development and Clinical Operations Team

Amy Shea, Ionis Pharmaceuticals Diagnostics and Strategic Initiatives Director who made all of this possible

The ALS patients, ALS Carriers and ALS Patient Community who are our raison d'être



ALS Genetic Counseling Resources



- **GeneMatters** Genetic Counseling Information and Appointment line: 888-460-1891
- National Society of Genetic Counselors Find a Genetic Counselor: https://findageneticcounselor.nsgc.org
- END the LEGACY :<u>https://www.alshf.org/end-the-legacy</u> To register for the ETL Genetic ALS Carrier Support Hour-<u>https://forms.gle/1adgSysaaKPebxQg7</u>
- ALS Research Collaborative with the ALS Therapy Development Institute, TDI: https://www.als.net/arc

